



SMA1042015 0428 - For assistance

BUSINESS MANAGEMENT (Kenyatta University)



## KENYATTA UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2014/2015

DIGITAL SCHOOL OF VIRTUAL AND OPEN LEARNING

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF  
SCIENCE

### SMA 104: CALCULUS I

DATE: Tuesday 28<sup>th</sup> April, 2015

TIME: 2.00 p.m – 4.00 p.m

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

*Attempt question ONE and any other TWO questions*

#### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- (a) Using the precise definition of limits show that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \right\} \rightarrow 0 \text{ where } n \in \mathbb{N}. \quad \text{Hence evaluate } N(\epsilon) \text{ when}$$

(i)  $\epsilon = 0.02$

(ii)  $\epsilon = 0.006$  (4 marks)

- (b) Explaining every step evaluate the following limits

(i)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^2 - 4n + 9}{2n^2 + 5}$  (2 marks)

(ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[m]{1+ax} - \sqrt[n]{1+bx}}{x}$  (2 marks)

(iii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x-3)^{40} (5x+6)^{10}}{(3x^2-6)^{25}}$  (2 marks)

(iii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^x \sin 2x}{3x}$  (2 marks)

- (c) From the first principles find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  of the following functions; (3 marks)
- (i)  $f(x) = \cos x$  (3 marks)
- (ii)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$  (4 marks)
- (d) Let  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} X_n \rightarrow A$  and  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y_n \rightarrow B$  Show that (4 marks)
- (i)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n + y_n = A + B$  (4 marks)
- (ii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n y_n = A \cdot B$  (4 marks)
- (e) Deduce the quotient rule of differentiation (4 marks)

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- (a) Given  $y = \frac{\cos x}{x}$ , hence or otherwise prove that  $x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = 0$  (4 marks)

- b) For what value of the constant B is the following function continuous for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\text{i) } F(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 3x + 4 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ Bx + 5 & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{ii) } F(x) = \begin{cases} 5x + B & \text{if } x > 3 \\ (x+B)^2 & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$$

(6marks)

- (c) let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $g(x) = 4x - 8$  and  $h(x) = 2x$  find  $f \circ g \circ h$  and hence find  $(f \circ g \circ h)^{-1}$  (2marks)

- (d) Determine whether  $y = Ae^{ax} + Be^{-ax}$  is satisfied by  $y'' - a^2 y = 0$  (3 marks)

- (e) Find the equation of the curve given the gradient is  $4x - 2$  and  $x$  - axis is the tangent.

(5 marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- (a) A particle moves along a straight line in such a way that its distance from a fixed point on the line after  $t$  seconds is  $S$  meters, where  $S = \frac{1}{6}t^3$ . Find;
- (i) Its velocity after 2 seconds and 3 seconds
  - (ii) Its acceleration after 1 seconds and 4 seconds
- (5 marks)
- (b) A ball was thrown upwards with a velocity of 40 m/s. Find
- (i) The acceleration, velocity and distance statements.
  - (ii) The maximum height the ball can attain (strictly use calculus techniques)
- (6 marks)
- (c) The volume of a cylindrical tank is  $32\pi \text{ mls}$ . Find the radius of the tank if the area have to be least.
- (5 marks)
- (d) A 525 meter wire mesh was provided to fence a rectangular (like) plot. Find the maximum area it can enclose by mesh without any loss.
- (4 marks)

### QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- (a) Use the first principle to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  of the following functions
- (i)  $y = \ln x$  (4 marks)
  - (ii)  $y = \cos x$  (4 marks)
- (b) Given  $y = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 24x + 19$  find the stationary points. (4 marks)
- (c) Differentiate the following functions.
- (i)  $y = \sin^3 2x$  (2 marks)
  - (ii)  $y = \frac{\tan^2 e^x \{\cos x\}}{x^2}$  (2 marks)
- (d) Evaluate
- (i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{(3x+1)}{3x-2} \right\}^{2x}$  (2 marks)
  - (ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos 3x}{x^2}$  (2 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Find  $y'$  and  $y''$  given  $y = \frac{e^{ax} + e^{-ax}}{e^{ax} - e^{-ax}}$  (6 marks)
- (b) Find  $y''$  given  $y = e^{-2x} \sin 4x$  (5 marks)
- (c) Find  $y'$  and  $y''$  given  $x^4 + xy^3 + y^3 = 32$  at the point  $(1, 1)$  (5 marks)
- (d) Show that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} x^2 + 2x + 8 = 16$  (4 marks)